

### Integrate different modalities

- Text – Image
- Sound – Text

Human Riding Horse

### Challenges

- Modalities are not directly comparable
- High dimensional modalities
- Efficient data structure for search

### Previous approaches

- Domain specific [Farhadi et al. 2010]
- CCA-based [Gong et al. 2011, Sharma et al. 2012]

### Dual-view hashing

Textual Space ↔ Visual Space

Human riding a horse  
Person laughing at restaurant  
Cow standing in a farm

Hamming Space

```
010111010
101010101
110010101
```

### Binary code assignment

### Predictability

Each bit should be predictable based on the neighbors

### Optimization

$$\min_{W_V, W_T} \|\text{sgn}(W_V^T X_V) - \text{sgn}(W_T^T X_T)\|_2^2$$

Trivial solution: both  $W_V, W_T$  are zero

$$\min_{W_V, W_T} \|W_V^T X_V - B_T\|_2^2 + \|B_T B_T^T - I\|_2^2 + \|W_T^T X_T - B_V\|_2^2 + \|B_V B_V^T - I\|_2^2$$

s.t.

$$B_T = \text{sgn}(W_T^T X_T),$$

$$B_V = \text{sgn}(W_V^T X_V).$$

Optimization is non-convex and combinatorial

$$\min_{W_V, W_T, \xi_V, \xi_T} \|B_T B_T^T - I\|_2^2 + \|B_V B_V^T - I\|_2^2 + \sum \|w_{V_i}\| + \sum \|w_{T_i}\| + C_1 \sum \xi_V + C_2 \sum \xi_T$$

s.t.

$$B_T = \text{sgn}(W_T^T X_T),$$

$$B_V = \text{sgn}(W_V^T X_V),$$

$$B_{T_i}^j (w_{V_i}^T X_{V_j}^j) \geq 1 - \xi_{V_j}^i \quad \forall i, j,$$

$$B_{V_i}^j (w_{T_i}^T X_{T_j}^j) \geq 1 - \xi_{T_j}^i \quad \forall i, j.$$

Using a block coordinate descent algorithm

### How we do it

Modality 1      Modality 2

Step i

Step i+1

label

### Algorithm

**Algorithm 1** Predictable Dual-View Hashing

Input:  $X_V, X_T \in \mathbb{R}^{d_v \times n}$   
Output:  $B_V, B_T \in \mathbb{B}^{d_v \times k}$

- $W_V, W_T \leftarrow \mathbb{R}^{d_v \times k} \leftarrow \text{CCA}(X_V, X_T, k)$
- $B_V \leftarrow \text{sgn}(W_V^T X_V)$
- $B_T \leftarrow \text{sgn}(W_T^T X_T)$
- repeat
- $W_V \leftarrow$  Weights of  $k$  linear SVMs (for  $i^{\text{th}}$  SVM: training features are columns of  $X_V$  and training labels are elements of  $i^{\text{th}}$  row of  $B_T$ )
- $B_V \leftarrow \text{sgn}(W_V^T X_V)$
- Update  $B_V$  using Eq. (5)
- $W_T \leftarrow$  Weights of  $k$  linear SVMs (for  $i^{\text{th}}$  SVM: training features are columns of  $X_T$  and training labels are elements of  $i^{\text{th}}$  row of  $B_V$ )
- $B_T \leftarrow \text{sgn}(W_T^T X_T)$
- Update  $B_T$  using Eq. (5)
- until convergence
- $B_V \leftarrow \text{sgn}(W_V^T X_V)$
- $B_T \leftarrow \text{sgn}(W_T^T X_T)$

### Optimization analysis

### Experiments (category retrieval)

### Qualitative results (w/ 32-bit codes)

Image → Image

Query: [Image]

Retrieval Set: [Grid of images]

Text → Image

Bike riding in a field

Cows standing in a village

Laptop placed on the table

Persons standing in a room

Plane flying on the air